

Year Group	Autumn 1	Spring 1	Summer 1
1	What is the geography of where I live?	How does the weather affect our	Why do we love being beside the
	#1a	lives?	seaside so much?
	#14		
_		#1b	#1c
2	How does Kampong Ayer compare	Why does it matter where our food	Why don't penguins need to fly?
	with where I live?	comes from?	
	#2a	#2b	#2c
3	How and why is my local environment	Beyond the Magic Kingdom: what is	Why do so many people live in
	changing?	the Sunshine State really like?	megacities?
	#3a	#3b	#3c
4	Why are jungles so wet	Why do some earthquakes cause more	How can we live more sustainably?
	and deserts so dry?	damage than others?	
	#4a	#4b	#4c
5	How do volcanoes affect the lives of	What is a river?	Why are mountains so important?
	people living on Hiemaey?		
	#5a	#5b	#5c
6	Who are Britain's National Parks for?	How is climate change affecting the	Why is fair trade fair?
		world?	
	#6a	#6b	#6c

National Curriculum Key Stage 1 Overview:

Key Question	Ancillary questions and content focus	Geography National Curriculum Subject Coverage	Learning outcomes in relation to both knowledge and understanding, historical skills, vocabulary development and key subject concepts
YEAR 1	What is geography all about?	Continents and Oceans	Identifying
What is the geography of where I live?	Whereabouts in the United Kingdom do I live? What does the Geographical Information	Lines of Latitude and Longitude Equator North and South Poles	Recognising Describing
(local study)	System (GIS) on Google Earth tell me about	United Kingdom	Observing
#1a	the geography of the local area?	Small area of the United Kingdom (locality) Physical and human geographical features	Recalling Comparing and contrasting
	What are the main land uses within my local area?	Basic subject vocabulary World maps	Sequencing Categorising
	How can we introduce people to the physical and human geography of our local area?	Atlases and globes Compass directions	Reasoning and interpreting
		Satellite, aerial and terrestrial photographs and plans Fieldwork	

YEAR 1	How is the seaside different from other	Continents and Oceans	Identifying
Why do we love being	places?	Lines of Latitude and Longitude	Recognising
beside the seaside so much?	How do people enjoy themselves at the seaside?	North and South Poles	Describing
#1c	What else did Sally find living in the rock pools at Wembury? How do people affect the beach at Wembury? Whereabouts in the world is Wembury? How have our seaside holidays changed since the 1970s?	United Kingdom Weather Seasons Hot and cold areas Physical and human geographical features Basic subject vocabulary World maps Atlases and globes Compass directions Satellite, aerial and terrestrial photographs and plans	Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting
YEAR 1	What is the weather?	Fieldwork Continents and Oceans	Identifying
How does the weather	How do great artists paint the weather?	Lines of Latitude and Longitude Equator	Recognising
affect our lives?	How does the weather change through the	North and South Poles	Describing
#1b	four seasons of the year?	United Kingdom	Observing
	Why isn't the weather the same everywhere in	Weather Seasons	Recalling
	the world?	Hot and cold areas	Comparing and contrasting
	How can Antarctica be a desert when it's the	Physical and human geographical features	Sequencing
	coldest place on earth?	Basic subject vocabulary	Categorising
		World maps Atlases and globes Compass directions	Reasoning and interpreting

YEAR 2 Why don't penguins need to fly? #2c	Why do we remember Captain Robert Scott and his friends Lawrence, Henry, Edward and Edgar? Where is Pip's home and what do we find there? How are penguins able to survive in Antarctica? How does Antarctica compare with the Sahara Desert? How is the Arctic different from the Antarctic? Why are there no Polar Bears in Antarctica? Why do Marco and Polo find visiting each other so difficult? So why don't penguins need to fly?	Satellite, aerial and terrestrial photographs and plans Fieldwork Continents and Oceans Lines of Latitude and Longitude Equator North and South Poles United Kingdom Weather Seasons Hot and cold areas Physical and human geographical features Basic subject vocabulary World maps Atlases and globes Compass directions Satellite, aerial and terrestrial photographs and plans	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting
YEAR 2 Why does it matter where our food comes	Where do dairy products come from? Why are there so many dairy farms in Devon?	and plans Continents and Oceans Lines of Latitude and Longitude Equator	Identifying Recognising Describing
from? #2b	How does Quicke's Dairy Farm in Devon make cheese? How does our list of favourite fruit and vegetables compare with the favourites of other people?	North and South Poles United Kingdom Weather Seasons Hot and cold areas Physical and human geographical features	Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing

	Why is it important to know all about sugar? Why do John and Rob have so many happy customers at their shops?	Basic subject vocabulary World maps Atlases and globes Compass directions Satellite, aerial and terrestrial photographs and plans Fieldwork	Categorising Reasoning and interpreting
YEAR 2 How does Kampong Ayer compare with where I live? (small area in a contrasting non-European country) #2a	How does the location of Kampong Ayer compare with where I live? How do people's homes at Kampong Ayer compare with mine? How does the weather at Kampong Ayer compare with the weather where I live? How do people in Kampong Ayer travel around compared with how people travel around where I live? How does going to school in Kampong Ayer compare with my school? How does the natural environment around Kampong Ayer compare with the natural environment around where I live? How does Geographic Information System (GIS) imagery of Kampong Ayer compare with GIS imagery of where I live?	Continents and Oceans Lines of Latitude and Longitude Equator North and South Poles United Kingdom Weather Seasons Hot and cold areas Physical and human geographical features Basic subject vocabulary World maps Atlases and globes Compass directions Satellite, aerial and terrestrial photographs and plans Fieldwork	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting

National Curriculum Key Stage 2 Years 3 & 4 Overview

Key Question	Ancillary Questions and content focus	Geography National Curriculum Subject Coverage	Learning outcomes in relation to knowledge and understanding, historical skills, vocabulary development and key subject concepts
TAUGHT IN YEAR 4 Why do some earthquakes cause more damage than others? #4b	Why won't Paula and Richard forget 22 February 2011? How has New Zealand been affected by earthquakes in the past? Why does New Zealand have so many earthquakes? Why don't the largest earthquakes always cause the most death and destruction? Why do most volcanoes happen in the same places as earthquakes?	South America Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Time zones Volcanoes Earthquakes World maps, atlases and globes GIS Plans – map symbols and key Appropriate and specialised subject vocabulary	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions
YEAR 3 Beyond the Magic Kingdom: what is the Sunshine State really like? (region within North or South America) #3b	Why is the Magic Kingdom the most popular theme park in the world? Where is the Magic Kingdom? Why did the great Maya civilisation of Central America come to an end? Why do tourists come to the Magic Kingdom from some countries and not others?	Europe including Russia North America Florida South America United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Time zones	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising

	Why is the Kennedy Space Centre in Florida? Why are sea turtles endangered and what is the Florida Turtle Conservation Society doing to protect them? How and why is the climate of the Sunshine State different from where I live? How to Floridians cope with hurricanes?	Climate zones Settlement and land use Economic activity and trade Plans – key and scale Atlases, globes and world maps Political and physical atlas maps Thematic atlas maps GIS Appropriate and specialised subject vocabulary	Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions
YEAR 3 Why do so many people live in megacities? #3c	What are megacities and where are they located? Why did Baghdad become the first city in the world with one million people? Why is Milton Keynes the United Kingdom's fastest-growing city? Why is Brasília the fastest-growing city in Brazil? How do the advantages of living in cities compare with the disadvantages?	Europe including Russia North America South America United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Time zones Settlement and land use Economic activity and trade Plans – key and scale Atlases, globes and world maps Political and physical atlas maps Thematic atlas maps GIS Appropriate and specialised subject vocabulary	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions
YEAR 3	Why do places change? How has my local area changed in the past?	United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Time zones	Identifying Recognising Describing

How and why is my local environment changing? (locality study) #3a	How did my local area change as a result of World War I? How and why does the quality of the environment change in my local area? How do NASA satellite images inform us of environmental change on a global scale?	Settlement and land use Plans – key and scale Atlases, globes and world maps GIS Points of compass (8) 1:50 000 OS maps Key, symbols and scale Four Figure Grid references Fieldwork – observe, measure, record, present and interpret Appropriate and specialised subject vocabulary	Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions
YEAR 4 How can we live more sustainably? #4c	What does being sustainable actually mean? How can we help to make our school more sustainable? Why are we seeing more wind and solar farms in the countryside? How is sustainable development helping the lapwing out of the red? How are solar cookers helping Sunita and her family to live more sustainably?	United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Time zones Natural resources Plans – key and scale Atlases, globes and world maps GIS Points of compass (8) Fieldwork – observe, measure, record, present and interpret Appropriate and specialised subject vocabulary	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions

Why are jungles so wet and deserts so dry #4a #4a K W H C A W W W W W W W W W W W W	Why is climate different across the United Kingdom? What are the world's climates? How do climate graphs help geographers compare the climate of one place with another? How does the climate affect the plants and animals living in a place? Why is the jungle of the Amazon Rainforest so wet and humid? Why is Arica the driest inhabited place on Earth?	South America United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Time zones Climate zones Atlases, globes and world maps GIS Points of compass (8) Thematic atlas maps Appropriate and specialised subject vocabulary	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions
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National Curriculum Key Stage 2 Years 5 & 6 Overview

Enquiry	Ancillary Questions and content focus	History National Curriculum Subject Coverage	Learning outcomes in relation to knowledge and understanding, historical skills, vocabulary development and key subject concepts
YEAR 5	Where does Saethor take	Europe including Russia	Identifying
How do volcanoes affect	his dog Tiry for a walk every day?	Climate zones	Recognising
the lives of people living	Where do Saethor and Tiry	Volcanoes and earthquakes Settlement and land use	Describing
on Hiemaey?	live?	Economic activity and trade	Observing
(a region in a European	How do geographers	Latitude and longitude	Recalling
country) #5a	Thow do geographers	Northern and Southern Hemisphere	Comparing and contrasting

	describe the Westman Islands? How does the physical and human geography of Hiemaey compare with the area in which I live? Why are there so few trees on Hiemaey? Why are there volcanoes on Hiemaey? How were the people of Hiemaey affected when Eldfell erupted? Why do the people of Hiemaey go on living next to an active	Maps and plans – key, scale and symbols Atlases, globes and world maps GIS Specialised subject vocabulary	Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions Making substantiated judgements Evaluating Critiquing Empathising Hypothesising
YEAR 5 What is a river? (a region of the United Kingdom) #5b	Hiemaey go on living next to an active volcano? How does the course of the River Axe change from source to mouth? How does the course of my local river change from source to mouth? Why are river estuaries such important	Europe including Russia United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Maps and plans – key, scale and symbols Atlases, globes and world maps	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling
1133	places for wildlife? Why are rivers such an important part of the water cycle?	GIS Rivers Water cycle Natural resources	Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising

	How has the Isle of Dogs changed since the reign of Henry VIII? How did Bedrich use music to describe the course of his beloved national river?	1:50 000 OS maps – scale, symbols, key Four and Six Figure grid references Fieldwork – observe, measure, record, present and interpret Specialised subject vocabulary	Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions Making substantiated judgements Evaluating Critiquing Empathising Hypothesising
YEAR 5 Why are mountains so important? #5c	Why are the three mountains of Olympus, Mauna Kea and Everest so famous? How were the world's greatest mountain ranges formed? Why is the legend of Mallory and Irvine the greatest unsolved mystery of mountaineering? Why did Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay find fossils of sea animals on the summit of Everest? How are the Cambrian Mountains different from the Himalaya Mountains? Why is the climate at Tynohir such a challenge for Roy?	Europe including Russia North America South America United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Atlases, globes and world maps Mountains Natural resources 1:50 000 OS maps – scale, symbols, key Four and Six Figure grid references Specialised subject vocabulary	Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recall Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesis Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions Making substantiated judgements Evaluating

YEAR 6 How is climate change affecting the world? (a region of the United Kingdom) #6b	Why do tourists visit the Cambrian Mountains? How else is the precious resource of water used in the Cambrian Mountains? Why is Elhaji cleaning shoes on the streets of Banjul? Why can't Olivia afford to insure her home? Why are people living in Starcross making flood plans? Why do Lars and Sofie disagree about how nice the weather is? Why are people all over the world noticing that the weather their used to is changing? What have the countries of the world agreed to do about global warming?	Europe including Russia North America South America United Kingdom Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere Climate zones Economic activity and trade Natural resources Atlases, globes and world maps GIS Types of settlement and land use 1:50 000 OS maps – scale, symbols, key Four and Six Figure grid references Specialised subject vocabulary	Critiquing Empathising Hypothesising Identifying Recognising Describing Observing Recalling Comparing and contrasting Sequencing Categorising Reasoning and interpreting Synthesising Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions Making substantiated judgements Evaluating Critiquing Empathising Hypothesising
YEAR 6 Why is fair trade fair? #6c	Why was this road so important two thousand years ago?	Europe including Russia South America United Kingdom Latitude and longitude	Identifying Recognising Describing

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	Why does Marco Polo visit the United	Northern and Southern Hemisphere	Observing
	Kingdom every eleven weeks?	Maps and plans – key, scale and symbols	Recall
	What does the United Kingdom export to the people of China?	Atlases, globes and world maps GIS Climate zones	Comparing and contrasting
			Sequencing
	Why isn't trade always fair on some people	Economic activity and trade	Categorising
	such as Melvin?	Natural resources	Reasoning and interpreting
	Why is fair trade fair?	1:50 000 OS maps – scale, symbols, key	Synthesis
		Four and Six Figure grid references Fieldwork – observe, measure, record, present and interpret	Understanding through explanation
			Justifying
		Specialised subject vocabulary	Developing conclusions
			Making substantiated judgements
			Evaluating
			Critiquing
			Empathising
			Hypothesising
YEAR 6	Why are National Parks described as	North America	Identifying
Miles and Duiteins	Britain's 'breathing spaces'?	United Kingdom	Recognising
Who are Britain's National Parks for?	What else makes National Parks so	Latitude and longitude Northern and Southern Hemisphere	Describing
rational ranks for .	important?	Maps and plans – key, scale and symbols	Observing
**TAUGHT IN THE SAME	Why do National Parks welcome visitors?	Atlases, globes and world maps	Recalling
HALF TERM AS OUR	Why is protected land so important in South	Mountains	Comparing and contrasting
RESIDENTIAL TO THE LAKE DISTRICT**	West England?	Types of settlement and land use Economic activity and trade	Sequencing
LAKE DISTRICT	Why are so many people attracted to The	Natural resources	Categorising
(a region of the United	Valley of Rocks?	1:50 000 and 1: 25 000 OS maps – scale,	Reasoning and interpreting
Kingdom) #6a		symbols, key	Synthesising

Why is Merrivale such an important prehistoric site? Why are farmers so important in our National Parks?	Four and Six Figure grid references Fieldwork – observe, measure, record, present and interpret Specialised subject vocabulary	Understanding through explanation Justifying Developing conclusions Making substantiated judgements Evaluating Critiquing Empathising
		Hypothesising

Key:

Green – Knowledge

Blue – skill

Black – language